



SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	Power Lube® High Performance Lubricant w/PTFE - 11 oz
Other means of identification	
Product Code	No. 03045 (Item# 1003304)
Recommended use	Multi-purpose lubricant
Recommended restrictions	None known.
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Manufactured or sold by:	
Company name	CRC Industries, Inc.
Address	885 Louis Dr. Warminster, PA 18974 US
Telephone	
General Information	215-674-4300
Technical Assistance	800-521-3168
Customer Service	800-272-4620
24-Hour Emergency (CHEMTREC)	800-424-9300 (US)
Website	www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Flammable aerosols Gases under pressure	Category 1 Compressed gas
Health hazards	Aspiration hazard	Category 1
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	
Label elements		

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights, and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area.

Response

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

Supplemental information

When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen fluoride.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light		64742-47-8	50 - 60
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy		64742-70-7	5 - 10
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light		64742-71-8	5 - 10
butyl stearate		123-95-5	3 - 5
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic		64742-54-7	3 - 5
methyl acetate		79-20-9	3 - 5
antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)		15874-48-3	1 - 3
carbon dioxide		124-38-9	1 - 3
methyl salicylate		119-36-8	1 - 3
petrolatum		8009-03-8	1 - 3
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic		64742-65-0	0.5 - 1.5
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic		64742-52-5	0.1 - 1

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.
Skin contact	Wash off with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Eye contact	Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemicals. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed. When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen fluoride.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.
Fire-fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove container, if no risk is involved. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes.

General fire hazards

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. Will burn if involved in a fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 2 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122 °F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

U.S. - OSHA

Components

Type

Value

distillates (petroleum),
hydrotreated heavy
paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)

TWA

5 mg/m3

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components

Type

Value

Form

antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl]
tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS
15874-48-3)

PEL

0.5 mg/m3

carbon dioxide (CAS
124-38-9)

PEL

9000 mg/m3

5000 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
		2000 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	PEL	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	PEL	5 mg/m3	Mist.

ACGIH

Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
butyl stearate (CAS 123-95-5)	TWA	3 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		10 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	30000 ppm	
	TWA	5000 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	250 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.

U.S. - NIOSH

Components	Type	Value	Form
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value	Form
antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)	TWA	0.5 mg/m3	
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)	STEL	54000 mg/m3	
		30000 ppm	
	TWA	9000 mg/m3	
		5000 ppm	
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)	TWA	100 mg/m3	
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)	Ceiling	1800 mg/m3	
	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)	STEL	760 mg/m3	
		250 ppm	
	TWA	610 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Mist.

OSHA 3081 Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards			
Components	Type	Value	Form
	TWA	5 mg/m3	Mist.
Biological limit values	No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).		
Appropriate engineering controls	Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.		
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment			
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).		
Skin protection			
Hand protection	Wear protective gloves such as: Neoprene. Nitrile.		
Other	Wear suitable protective clothing.		
Respiratory protection	If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to determine actual employee exposure levels.		
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.		
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.		

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Aerosol.
Color	Amber.
Odor	Wintergreen.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	-144.4 °F (-98 °C) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	134.2 °F (56.8 °C) estimated
Flash point	8.6 °F (-13.0 °C) estimated
Evaporation rate	Fast.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	0.5 % estimated
Flammability limit - upper (%)	16 % estimated
Vapor pressure	1815 hPa estimated
Vapor density	> 1 (air = 1)
Relative density	0.86
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	428 °F (220 °C) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Percent volatile	86.9 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. When exposed to extreme heat or hot surfaces, vapors may decompose to harmful or fatal corrosive gases such as hydrogen fluoride. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents.
Hazardous decomposition products	Carbon oxides. Hydrogen fluoride. Metal oxides. Phosphorous oxides. Sulfur oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Eye contact	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Ingestion	Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Diarrhea.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components	Species	Test Results
antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3936 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	4965 mg/kg
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 5 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitization		
Respiratory sensitization	Not a respiratory sensitizer.	
Skin sensitization	This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity		
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)	3	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)	3	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)	3	Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)		
Not listed.		
US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens		
Not listed.		
Reproductive toxicity	This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity	Toxic to aquatic life.
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.
Bioaccumulative potential	
Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)	
methyl acetate	0.18
methyl salicylate	2.55
Mobility in soil	No data available.
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Empty container can be recycled. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information**DOT**

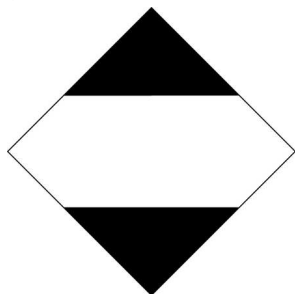
UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	2.1
Packing group	Not applicable.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	N82
Packaging exceptions	306
Packaging non bulk	None
Packaging bulk	None

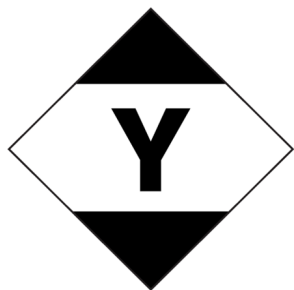
IATA

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
ERG Code	10L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	2.1
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	Not applicable.
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-D, S-U
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

DOT; IMDG



15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)

methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

100 LBS

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Not regulated.

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

Low priority

Food and Drug

Not regulated.

Administration (FDA)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Gas under pressure

Aspiration hazard

Hazard not otherwise classified (HNOC)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

Yes

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate)	15874-48-3	1 - 3

US state regulations

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)

methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)
methyl salicylate (CAS 119-36-8)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

US. Rhode Island RTK

antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)
carbon dioxide (CAS 124-38-9)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)
methyl acetate (CAS 79-20-9)
methyl salicylate (CAS 119-36-8)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

California Proposition 65



WARNING: Cancer and Reproductive Harm - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Listed: October 1, 1992

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Developmental toxin

lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Listed: February 27, 1987

methanol (CAS 67-56-1) Listed: March 16, 2012

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Female reproductive toxin

lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Listed: February 27, 1987

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

lead (CAS 7439-92-1) Listed: February 27, 1987

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

antimony tris[o,o-dipropyl] tris(dithiophosphate) (CAS 15874-48-3)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic (CAS 64742-52-5)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-54-7)
distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)
distillates (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed heavy paraffinic (CAS 64742-65-0)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed heavy (CAS 64742-70-7)
paraffin oils (petroleum), catalytic dewaxed light (CAS 64742-71-8)
petrolatum (CAS 8009-03-8)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

EPA

VOC content (40 CFR 51.100(s)) 97.8 %

Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C) Not regulated

State

Consumer products This product is regulated as a Multi-Purpose Lubricant. This product is compliant for use in all 50 states.

VOC content (CA) 0 %

VOC content (OTC) 0 %

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

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Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.